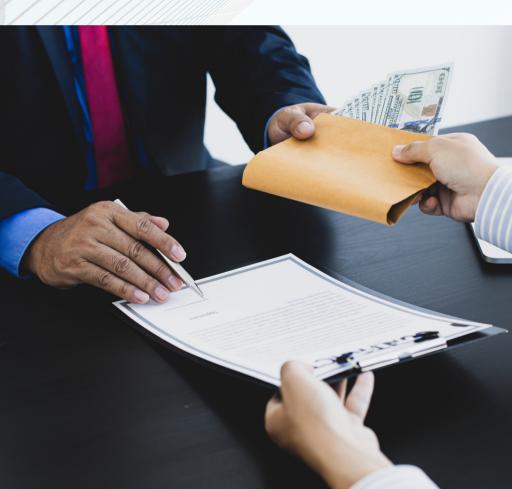




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ENROLLED

THE HIDDEN COSTS OF IGNORING YOUR TAX PLANNING



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INTRODUCTION

Have you ever experienced that sinking sensation during tax season, pondering if you could have taken a different approach? Rest assured, you are not alone. Many individuals find themselves in this situation, questioning their decisions and wondering if there could have been a better way.

However, were you aware that postponing your tax planning might actually result in significant financial losses?

Yes, it's true! By neglecting to properly plan and strategize your taxes, you could be missing out on valuable deductions and credits that could save you money. It's like disregarding a ticking time bomb, unaware of the potential consequences. Ignoring your tax planning is simply a matter of time before it detonates, leaving you with unexpected financial burdens.

It's crucial to take a proactive approach to your taxes, seeking professional guidance if needed, to ensure you're making the most of your financial situation. By being diligent and staying informed about tax laws and regulations, you can minimize the risks and maximize your savings. So, don't wait until the last minute. Start planning and preparing now to avoid any unpleasant surprises when tax season arrives.





WHAT YOU DON'T KNOW CAN HURT YOUR WALLET

PENALTIES AND LATE FEES: A COSTLY OVERSIGHT

Let's chat about penalties and late fees, which are the IRS's not-so-friendly way of saying, "Hey, you missed the deadline!" If you fail to file your return or pay your taxes by the due date, you could be hit with these additional costs. The failure-to-file penalty generally costs more, typically 5% of your unpaid taxes for each month your tax return is late, maxing out at 25%. On the other hand, if you file your return but fail to pay all the taxes you owe, you'll typically face a failure-to-pay penalty of 0.5% per month of your unpaid taxes. And trust me, these unwanted extras can add up pretty fast, leaving a noticeable dent in your wallet! It's like a small leak that ends up sinking a big ship. So remember, it's always better to file on time, even if you can't pay all your taxes straight away. This way, you can keep those pesky penalties to a minimum.

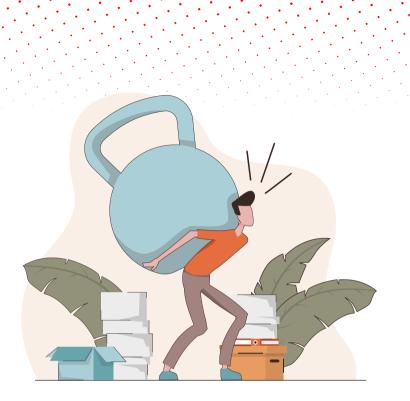
MISSED TAX DEDUCTIONS AND CREDITS: AN OVERLOOKED OPPORTUNITY TO SAVE

Let's move on to another area where you may be leaving money on the table - missed tax deductions and credits. These are like those coupons we forget to use at the supermarket, except they can save you a lot more money.

Tax deductions reduce the amount of income that is subject to tax. Examples include deductions for mortgage interest, student loan interest, and contributions to retirement accounts, among others. If you don't claim these, you're essentially paying tax on money you didn't need to!

On the other side of the coin, we have tax credits, which reduce your tax bill dollar-for-dollar. Credits can be available for a variety of things, like energy-efficient home improvements, education expenses, or even for adopting a child. But if you neglect to claim them, it's like declining a gift from Uncle Sam himself.

So keep an eye out for these potential savings. After all, why pay more when you could pay less?



HOW POOR TAX PLANNING AFFECTS REAL ESTATE INVESTORS AND SMALL BUSINESS OWNERS

NAVIGATING THE MAZE OF CAPITAL GAINS TAX

Now, take a moment to think about capital gains tax, a tricky little detail that often catches real estate investors and small business owners off guard. Imagine you've bought an investment property or some shares in a company. Over time, they flourish, and when you decide to sell, you find they're now worth much more than your initial investment. That's great news, right? Absolutely! But, remember, Uncle Sam is keen on getting his share of your profit. That's where capital gains tax comes into the picture.

Capital gains tax is the levy you pay on the profit made from selling an asset like property, shares, or even a valuable piece of art. There are two types - short-term and long-term capital gains tax.

FAILING TO LEVERAGE DEPRECIATION: A MISSED CHANCE FOR TAX RELIEF

So, let's dive into another tax planning aspect that might be slipping under your radar - depreciation. Ever bought a shiny new car, only to see its value drop faster than a hot potato the moment you drive it off the lot? That's depreciation in action! Yet, when it comes to taxes, depreciation is not all gloom and doom. It can, in fact, be your silent partner in saving on taxes, especially if you're a business owner or a rental property owner.

Depreciation is an income tax deduction that allows a taxpayer to recover the cost or other basis of certain property over the time that they use it. It's an allowance for wear and tear, deterioration, or obsolescence of the property. So, for instance, if you own a rental property, you can't deduct the whole cost of the property in the year you buy it (unless you meet certain conditions), but you can deduct a portion of your cost each year over the property's useful life. This yearly deduction is known as depreciation.

But here's the catch - if you don't claim it, you don't reap the benefits. Failing to leverage depreciation can be compared to ignoring a slow but steady stream of money that could flow into your pocket. So, make sure to tap into this potential source of tax savings. After all, a penny saved is a penny earned!





THE SIGNIFICANCE OF HAVING AN ENROLLED AGENT

UNDERSTANDING THE ROLE OF AN ENROLLED AGENT

An Enrolled Agent (EA) is a tax professional authorized by the United States government to represent taxpayers in dealings with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The "enrolled" status signifies that the agent is licensed by the federal government, and they are "agents" acting on behalf of the taxpayer. EAs have earned the privilege of representing taxpayers before the IRS by either passing a rigorous and comprehensive three-part examination covering individual and business tax returns (known as the Special Enrollment Examination), or through relevant experience as a former IRS employee.

Enrolled Agents are required to abide by the provisions of the Department of Treasury's Circular 230, which provides the regulations governing the practice of EAs before the IRS. They specialize in tax resolution and are well-versed with the tax code, enabling them to effectively represent taxpayers at all administrative levels within the IRS. Whether it's for tax filing, tax disputes, or tax debt settlement, an Enrolled Agent is your dedicated advocate, offering a deep understanding of your rights, the IRS's rules, and the necessary steps for tax compliance, thereby helping to keep your financial ship smoothly sailing the turbulent seas of tax issues.



WHY YOU NEED AN ENROLLED AGENT

There are numerous reasons you might want to consider hiring an Enrolled Agent. For starters, taxation can be complex, with its myriad of rules, regulations, and constantly evolving tax codes. An Enrolled Agent is well-versed in these complexities and can help you navigate the often turbulent waters of taxation, ensuring you comply with all necessary laws. Not only can they save you time and stress, but they can also potentially save you money by identifying tax-saving opportunities you might have overlooked.

Furthermore, if you ever find yourself in a dispute with the IRS, an Enrolled Agent can represent you, providing expert advice and advocacy. Unlike other tax professionals, Enrolled Agents can handle matters at all levels of the IRS, providing valuable continuity and consistency. Finally, the stringent qualification and ongoing education requirements for Enrolled Agents guarantee that you're getting a knowledgeable, up-to-date professional who is fully equipped to manage your tax matters. So, while you could try navigating the maze of tax regulations on your own, having an Enrolled Agent on your side can provide that much-needed peace of mind. After all, when it comes to taxes, it's better to be safe than sorry!



CONCLUSION

Understanding and navigating the complex world of taxation can seem like a daunting task. However, with diligent planning, awareness of key tax-saving strategies such as capital gains tax and leveraging depreciation, and the expert guidance of an Enrolled Agent, you can effectively manage your tax obligations. Remember, the of taxation are complicated, but they're rules not insurmountable. With the right information and support. you can turn what often feels like a chore into a streamlined process and even uncover potential savings along the way. So, don't dread the tax season. Instead, equip yourself with knowledge, plan, and make taxation work for you. After all, the key to successful tax management is staving informed and seeking help when needed. So, here's to making smart tax decisions!





1) WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN AN ENROLLED AGENT AND A CPA?

Both Enrolled Agents (EA) and Certified Public Accountants (CPA) are qualified tax professionals, but there are key differences in their roles and responsibilities. An EA is a tax specialist licensed by the federal government, and authorized to represent taxpayers in dealings with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). They specialize in tax resolution are well-versed with tax code, and can represent taxpayers at all administrative levels within the IRS.

On the other hand, a CPA is a state-licensed accounting professional who has passed the Uniform CPA Examination and met specific education and experience requirements. CPAs have a more extensive scope, dealing not only with tax issues but also with a variety of other financial matters, such as auditing, financial planning, and management consulting.

However, when it comes to representation before the IRS, both EAs and CPAs have unlimited representation rights, meaning they can represent any type of taxpayer, on any kind of tax matter, at any level of the IRS. The choice between an EA and a CPA will depend on your specific needs. If your concern is primarily related to taxes, an EA might be the way to go. If you need assistance with broader financial matters, a CPA could be a better fit.

2) WHAT IS A CAPITAL GAIN?

A capital gain refers to the increase in the value of an investment or real estate property that gives it a higher worth than the purchase price. It's not realized until the asset is sold. A capital gain may be short-term (one year or less) or long-term (more than one year) and must be claimed on income taxes.

3) WHEN SHOULD I CONSIDER HIRING AN ENROLLED AGENT?

You should consider hiring an Enrolled Agent when you need assistance with tax planning or preparation, when you have a complex tax situation, or when you need to deal with the IRS regarding a tax dispute or resolution. An EA can also be of great help if you own a business, have foreign income, have rental properties, or have recently undergone a major life event like marriage, divorce, or adoption. Having an EA can ensure that you are making the most of tax benefits and staying compliant with tax laws.

4) HOW CAN POOR TAX PLANNING AFFECT MY BUSINESS?

Poor tax planning can have a significant impact on your business. It can lead to financial inefficiencies, such as overpaying taxes or missing out on potential tax savings and deductions. It can also lead to regulatory noncompliance, which could result in penalties, fines, audits, or even legal trouble. Furthermore, inadequate tax planning can lead to cash flow problems, especially if you are hit with unexpected tax bills. It ultimately takes away time and resources from other aspects of your business. Therefore, having a robust tax plan in place is crucial for the financial health and success of your business.

5) WHAT'S THE BEST TIME TO START TAX PLANNING?

The best time to start tax planning is now. Proactive tax planning is an ongoing process that should be considered throughout the year, not just at tax time. It involves consistent review and adjustments to your financial situation and goals. By planning your tax strategy well in advance, you could potentially minimize your tax liability, take advantage of tax credits and deductions, and avoid any surprises when it's time to file your taxes. Remember, the goal of tax planning is not just to minimize your tax liability for the current year, it's also about minimizing your tax liability over your lifetime. It's always a good idea to seek advice from a tax professional, like an Enrolled Agent, to assist you with effective tax planning strategies.





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